

Technical Information

Monsur Medium Base

Product Code: DM 1474

Application: - Monsur Medium is used for selective isolation and differentiation of Vibrio cholerae and other Vibrio species from pathological samples.

Composition**

Ingredients	Gms / Litre		
Casein enzymic hydrolysate	10.000		
Sodium chloride	10.000		
Sodium taurocholate	5.000		
Sodium carbonate	1.000		
Gelatin	30.000		
Agar	15.000		
Final pH (25°C)	8.5±0.2		
**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters			

Principle & Interpretation

Athough Vibrios are easy to isolate from both clinical and environmental material, even then some species may require growth factors and /or vitamins. Vibrio parahaemolyticus the important cause of bacterial diarrhea is associated with the consumption of contaminated food & its products. Vibrio cholerae is a non halophilic microbe which cannot grow in media in which the concentration of sodium chloride is more than 5-6% (2). Human disease is associated with ingestion of contaminated water or food. The etiological agent of a secretory diarrhea is V. cholera and CT (cytotoxin), is responsible for the main symptom of the cholera disease (1). Monsur Medium was formulated by Monsur (3) and recommended by WHO (4) for the isolation of V. cholerae and other Vibrio species from pathological samples like faeces or rectal swabs. This medium is also known as Taurocholate Tellurite Gelatin Agar. On this medium, the colonies are often surrounded by a gelatin liquefaction halo, which becomes definite and clearly visible after 48 hours incubation.

Casein enzymic hydrolysate in the medium supplies essential nutrients. Sodium taurocholate inhibits the contaminating gram-positive bacteria.

Potassium tellurite is a selective and differential agent. It inhibits many gram-positive bacteria and due to the reduction reaction the colonies form a grey to black colour. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic equilibrium while sodium carbonate helps in maintaining the elevated pH of the medium.

Gelatin acts as an additional carbon and energy source. The high pH and potassium tellurite are inhibitory to most Enterobacteriaceae and grampositive bacteria, though Proteus may form grey centered colonies without a halo. After 24 hours Vibrios show small translucent colonies with a greyblack center and a turbid halo, at 48 hours and longer, colonies become black centered with a well defined halo.

Methodology

Suspend 7.1 grams of powder media in 100 ml warm distilled water. Shake well & heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely.

Sterilize by autoclaving at 115°C for 20 minutes. Cool to 50°C. Aseptically add 0.5 ml sterile 1% Potassium Tellurite Solution (MS2052). Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.





Quality Control

Physical Appearance

Cream to greenish yellow coarse free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel and 3.0% Gelatin gel

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Yellow coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

Reaction

Reactionof 7.1% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C.pH:-8.5±0.2

pH range 8.30-8.70

Cultural Response/ characteristices

DM 1474: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-48 hours with added 1% Potassium Tellurite Solution (MS2052).

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Colour of colony
Proteus mirabilis ATCC 25933	50-100	none-poor	<=10%	black
Vibrio cholerae ATCC 15748	50-100	good-luxuriant	>=50%	grey
l Vibrio parahaemolyticus ATCC 17802	50-100	good-luxuriant	>=50%	light grey

Storage and Shelf Life

Dried Media: Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and use before expiry date as mentioned on the label.

Prepared Media: 2-8° in sealable plastic bags for 2-5 days.

Further Reading

- 1. Collee J. G., Fraser A. G., Marmion B. P., Simmons A. (Eds.) 1996, Mackie and McCartney, Practical Medical Microbiology, 14th Edition, Churchill Livingstone
- 2. Bruno and Ana, Isolation, Enumeration and Preservation of the Vibrionaceae. Thompson F. L., Austin B. and Swings J., The Biology of Vibrios. ASM press.
- 3. Monsur K. A., 1961, Trans R. Soc. Trop. Med. Hyg., 55:440.
- 4. World Health Organization, 1974, WHO, Geneva.

Disclaimer:

- User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use.
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